IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

1910

ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS

The plaintiff, Mark Houseworth (TDCJ #1127972), is an inmate in the Correctional Institutions Division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice (collectively, "TDCJ"). He has filed this suit under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, alleging violations of his civil rights. He has filed a motion for appointment of counsel (Docket No. 2) and he has also filed a motion for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. (Docket No. 4). This case is governed by the Prison Litigation Reform Act (the "PLRA"), 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b), which requires prisoners to pay an initial partial filing fee. The PLRA also requires prisoners to pay thereafter the balance of the full filing fee. For complaints filed after April 9, 2006, such as the one in this case, the filing fee is \$350. Based on the certified inmate trust account statement attached to the motion, the Court **ORDERS** as follows:

The plaintiff's motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis (Docket No.
 4) is GRANTED.

- 2. The plaintiff is not assessed an initial partial filing fee because his application shows he lacks the requisite funds.
- 3. The plaintiff shall pay the full balance of the filing fee (\$350.00) in periodic installments as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b). The agency having custody of the plaintiff shall collect this amount from the plaintiff's inmate trust fund account or institutional equivalent, when funds are available, and forward it to the Clerk.
- 4. The plaintiff is responsible for signing all consents and other documents required by the agency having custody of plaintiff to authorize the necessary withdrawal from the plaintiff's inmate trust account.
- 5. Service of process will be withheld pending judicial screening pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A.
- 6. No amendments or supplements to the complaint will be filed without prior court approval. A complete amended complaint will be attached to any motion to amend. Any pleadings or other papers filed in violation of these directives, including any pleadings or other papers which contain any new claims or any new factual allegations not already explicitly raised in: (1) the original complaint, (2) any court approved amendments or supplements to the original complaint, or (3) in response to an Order for More Definite Statement, shall be automatically **STRICKEN** from the record without further notice and will be of no force or effect in this lawsuit. Any pleadings or other papers filed in violation of these directives in this paragraph may also subject the plaintiff

to other sanctions, including the dismissal of this suit for failure to comply with court orders, if appropriate.

- 7. All discovery in this case is stayed until the court enters an order to answer.
- 8. No motions for appointment of counsel shall be filed until the court has completed its screening pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A, which may include a hearing under *Spears v. McCotter*, 766 F.2d 179 (5th Cir. 1985). Accordingly, the plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel (Docket No. 2) is **DENIED** at this time as premature. The Court will reconsider whether appointed counsel is necessary on its own motion after the screening process is completed.
- 9. The plaintiff must notify the court of any change of address by filing a written notice of change of address with the Clerk. Failure to file such notice may result in this case being dismissed for want of prosecution.

NOTICE TO THE PLAINTIFF:

- A. Although you have been granted permission to proceed as a pauper, you must pay the full filing fee when funds are available under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b). If you do not wish to pay the full filing fee, you must notify the court in writing, by letter or motion, that you do not wish to prosecute this civil action. Your notice must be received by the Court within 30 days of the date of this order.
- B. Payment of all or any part of the full filing fee will not prevent dismissal of the complaint if it is frivolous, malicious, fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. If

the case is dismissed on any of those grounds before payment of the entire filing fee, the plaintiff must still pay the entire filing fee. When a prisoner has had three or more prior actions or appeals dismissed for being frivolous, malicious, or failing to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, federal law prohibits the prisoner from bringing any more actions or appeals *in forma pauperis* unless the plaintiff is in imminent danger of

C. State law requires the forfeiture of good conduct time credits as a sanction for any state or federal lawsuit brought by an inmate while in the custody of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, or confined in county jail awaiting transfer to TDCJ, that is dismissed as frivolous or malicious. *See* TEX. GOV'T CODE ANN. § 498.0045. This sanction extends to frivolous proceedings arising from an application for writ of habeas corpus if brought for the purpose of abusing judicial resources. *See id.* § 498.0045(a).

The Clerk will send a copy of this order to the parties and will also provide a copy of this order by regular mail, facsimile transmission, or e-mail, if appropriate, to: (1) the TDCJ - Office of the General Counsel, Capitol Station, P.O. Box 13084, Austin, Texas, 78711, Fax: 512-936-2159; and (2) the Inmate Trust Fund, P.O. Box 629, Huntsville, Texas 77342-0629, Fax: 936-437-4793.

SIGNED at Houston, Texas this 20th day of June, 2008.

serious physical injury. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

Kenneth M. Hoyt

United States District Judge

Course Son &